

Øvelser i engelsk niveau G

Opgave 31 - 40

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OPGAVE 31

DATID og FØRDATID (præteritum og pluskvamperfektum)

Indsæt en datid i bisætningen og en førdatid i hovedsætningen!

Eksempel:

When I _____ home, Brian _____ the windows. (*come, paint*)

When I **came** home, Brian **had painted** the windows.

1. When I _____ home, Bob _____ me a nice cup of tea. (*return, make*)
2. When I _____ him in town yesterday, he _____ two tickets for the theatre. (*meet, buy*)
3. When we _____ them last week, they _____ already _____ some new furniture. (*visit, buy*)
4. When I _____ her yesterday, she _____ just _____ the luggage. (*see, pack*)
5. When we _____ out of the window, it _____ already _____ to rain. (*look, start*)
6. When we _____ up this morning, our children _____ a lovely breakfast for us. (*get, prepare*)
7. When she _____ to bed, she _____ only _____ two pages in her new book. (*go, read*)
8. When I _____ her last week, she _____ not _____ any Christmas cards yet. (*call, write*)
9. When we _____ this house, we _____ married for five years. (*buy, be*)
10. Before we _____ the windows, we _____ all the rooms. (*clean, tidy*)

OPGAVE 32

SOME eller ANY?

HOVEDREGEL:

- ANY bruges i:
1. Nægtende sætninger
 2. Spørgesætninger, hvor man forventer et "nej" som svar

Indsæt SOME eller ANY i følgende sætninger

1. I have got _____ tickets, but I haven't got _____ money.
2. They bought _____ coloured balloons.
3. They had not packed _____ suitcases for the holidays.
4. There wasn't _____ milk in the fridge this morning.
5. Would you like _____ more coffee?
6. I have made _____ plans for our holidays. Have you made _____?
7. I saw _____ blue birds in the garden today.
8. He hadn't bought _____ potatoes.
9. She changed _____ money in the bank.
10. We don't grow _____ tomatoes in our garden.
11. I looked for _____ old photos, but I didn't find _____.
12. I don't know _____ of these books.
13. _____ people love their jobs, others don't.
14. There aren't _____ tigers in Africa, but there are _____ in India.
15. He showed me _____ pictures, but I didn't recognize _____ of the people.
16. She didn't smoke _____ cigarettes during her holidays.
17. He bought _____ cigarettes at the station.
18. I haven't cleaned _____ of the rooms this week.
19. Is there _____ tea left?



OPGAVE 33

Indsæt det rigtige engelske forholdsord for ordet "til"

1. He goes _____ Italy every year.
2. The children bought a present _____ their father.
3. Can you translate that _____ English?
4. Here is a letter _____ you.
5. You can only do this exercise if you are good _____ math.
6. What did you have _____ dinner yesterday?
7. I think they will go _____ Copenhagen tomorrow.
8. He came home _____ tea at 5 o'clock.
9. We have English lessons from 10 _____ 12 every Friday.
10. He is the father _____ three children.
11. We walked all the way _____ the beach.
12. What did you have _____ breakfast?
13. I have something _____ you in my bag.
14. They left _____ Australia some years ago.
15. The Andersons went _____ Canada last year.
16. _____ Easter we eat chocolate eggs.
17. Who is the author _____ this book? (author: *forfatter*)
18. She is very good _____ telling stories.
19. We arrived _____ the hotel at 7 pm.
20. I got a new football _____ my birthday.
21. Will you please give it _____ her tomorrow?



OPGAVE 34

FØRNUTID

(perfektum)

Oversæt følgende sætninger til engelsk

1. Har du husket at pakke din kuffert?

2. Jeg har ikke fundet mine briller.

3. Hvorfor har du ikke lukket vinduet?

4. Jeg har lige hørt vejrudsigten i radioen.

5. De er rejst til Frankrig.

6. De har tit spillet kort.

7. De har spist alle jordbærrene.

8. Han har glemt sine nøgler.

9. Jægeren har skudt fuglen.

10. Har du tømt fryseren? (fryser: *freezer*)

OPGAVE 35

DATID og FØRDATID (præteritum og pluskvamperfektum)

Indsæt verberne i parentes som herunder:

When we _____ the film, we _____ off the TV. (*watch, switch*):

When we **had watched** the film, we **switched** off the TV.

1. When we _____ the kitchen floor, we _____ a cup of coffee. (*clean, have*)
2. When we _____ the dinner, we _____ the bill. (*eat, pay*)
3. When they _____ their breakfast, they _____ for work. (*finish, leave*)
4. After she _____ the book, she _____ her friend about it. (*read, tell*)
5. After they _____ in France for many years, they _____ to England. (*live, move*)
6. When I _____ my brother, I _____ home again. (*visit, return*)
7. When all the family _____ their suitcases, Peter _____ to get them into the boot. (*pack, try*)
8. When Sarah _____ the fridge, Peter _____ all the windows. (*empty, close*)
9. When Peter _____ to get all the things into the car, they _____ ready to leave. (*manage, be*)
10. When Sarah _____ over to the neighbours, Peter _____ the car. (*be, start*)
11. When the police _____ the thief, they _____ him to prison. (*catch, send*)

OPGAVE 36

EJEFALD

Personer og kæledyr

Mandens cykel: The man's bike

Hundens snude: The dog's nose

Ting

Husets tag: The roof of the house

Bilens farve: The colour of the car

Dan ejefald af følgende ordpar:

- | | | |
|------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------|
| 1. neighbour - son | <i>the neighbour's son</i> | (naboens søn) |
| 2. car - doors | <i>the doors of the car</i> | (bilens døre) |
| 3. man - car | _____ | (mandens bil) |
| 4. cat - milk | _____ | (kattens mælk) |
| 5. bike - colour | _____ | (cyklens farve) |
| 6. sitting room - door | _____ | (stuens dør) |
| 7. girl - bag | _____ | (pigens taske) |
| 8. garden - trees | _____ | (havens træer) |
| 9. boy - shoes | _____ | (drengets sko) |
| 10. window - colour | _____ | (vinduets farve) |
| 11. John - wife | _____ | (Johns kone) |
| 12. Linda - husband | _____ | (Lindas mand) |
| 13. car - wheels | _____ | (bilens hjul) |
| 14. children - father | _____ | (børnenes far) |
| 15. children - toys | _____ | (børnenes legetøj) |
| 16. son - wife | _____ | (sønnens kone) |
| 17. dog - tail | _____ | (hundens hale) |
| 18. house - windows | _____ | (husets vinduer) |
| 19. garden - flowers | _____ | (havens blomster) |

OPGAVE 37

EJEFALD

Navneord, som ender på **s** i flertal, får ikke apostrof + s i ejefald, men kun en apostrof:

Eksempel:

Ental: pigens taske - the girl's bag

Flertal: pigernes tasker - the **girls'** bags

Husk, at *ting* danner ejefald ved hjælp af *of*, og her er aldrig nogen apostroffer:

landsbyens kirke - the church **of** the village

landsbyernes kirker - the churches **of** the villages

landsbyens indbyggere - the inhabitants **of** the village

Oversæt følgende til engelsk

1. drengens fodbold _____
2. drengenes fodbolde _____
3. byens gader _____
4. byernes gader _____
5. mandens hat _____
6. mændenes hatte _____
7. husets døre _____
8. værelsets farve _____
9. pigens kjole _____
10. pigernes kjoler _____
11. barnets bamse _____
12. børnenes bamser _____
13. havens blomster _____
14. havernes blomster _____
15. hundens øjne _____

OPGAVE 38

HENFØRENDE STEDORD

(relative pronominer)

WHO bruges om *personer*

Jeg har en søn, **som** arbejder i Tyskland: I have a son **who** works in Germany.

WHICH bruges om *ting og begreber*.

Vi har et maleri, **som** er meget gammelt: We have a painting **which** is very old.

Indsæt WHO eller WHICH

1. This is the man _____ lives next door.
2. I don't like people _____ are drunk.
3. The house _____ I saw in the picture wasn't ours.
4. Jennifer, _____ lives in Spain, will visit us in April.
5. She gave me the dress _____ was too large for her.
6. The man _____ works at the post office is my father.
7. The pub _____ is opposite the church is very old.
8. Mrs Smith, _____ is a very loving person, has four children.
9. They bought an old table, _____ they painted blue.
10. This is a magazine for people _____ make websites.
11. It's an area _____ has a lot of theatres.
12. Can you see the man _____ is standing at the bus stop?
13. This is Mr Brown, _____ has a shop at the corner.
14. I am going to write to Helen, _____ lives in Poland.
15. I would like the yellow sweater _____ is hanging in the window.
16. The students _____ finished last year got very good marks.
17. In Greece, _____ is a rather hot country, you must use sun lotion.



OPGAVE 39

FORHOLDSORD

(præpositioner)

Indsæt det rigtige forholdsord i sætningen

(about, at, for, from, in, of, on, to, with)



1. vente **på**: We waited _____ her at the bus stop.
2. vred **på**: She is angry _____ me.
3. tro **på**: Do you believe _____ God?
4. bede **om**: He asked _____ another cup of coffee.
5. låne **af**: I have borrowed it _____ my brother.
6. se **på**: He looked _____ me.
7. sende bud **efter**: They sent _____ the doctor.
8. grine **af**: The children laughed _____ the clown.
9. bekymre sig **om**: She cared _____ her family.
10. forklare **for**: He explained it all _____ me.
11. lede **efter**: She was looking _____ her glasses.
12. minde **om**: They reminded me _____ her birthday.
13. bruge **på**: They spend a lot of money _____ their house.
14. stole **på**: You can rely _____ me.
15. beslutte sig **for**: She decided _____ the black shoes.
16. afhænge **af**: It depends _____ the weather.
17. slippe af **med**: They couldn't get rid _____ him.
18. lære **om**: The students learned _____ Socrates.
19. præsentere **for**: May I introduce you _____ Marilyn...
20. tale **om**: The English often talk _____ the weather.

OPGAVE 40

Placering af BIORD

(adverbier)

Biord som fx **always**, **never**, **often**, **seldom**, **usually** placeres normalt foran hovedverbet.

Eksempel:

often: She goes there alone —————> She **often** goes there alone.

never: He has given her a present. —> He has **never** given her a present.

Indsæt biordet på det rigtige sted i sætningen

1. **always:** He tells lies. _____
2. **never:** You know. _____
3. **seldom:** They came to visit her. _____
4. **usually:** She drinks coffee in the morning. _____

5. **often:** He listens to the radio. _____
6. **never:** She had heard about it. _____
7. **never:** She said that she had heard about it. _____

8. **always:** It rains in Scotland. _____
9. **often:** They had been in Norway. _____
10. **often:** They said they had been in Norway. _____

11. **usually:** I have a shower in the morning. _____

12. **rarely:** I have eaten snails in France. _____